Weekly Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 52. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, THURSDAY, JANUARY 1, 1885. NO. 2

FRED. E. REDICK
BARRISTER, &c. Offices, Nos. 3 and 4 Ashley Block, Belleville, Ontario.
N. B.—Private money to loan at low rates of interest. 45wly

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WALLBRIDGE & MARSKELL,
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SOLICITORS in the Supreme Court, Notaries Public. Money to loan. Agents for the "National Investment Loaning Co." Offices in Campbell's Building, opposite new Post Office, Belleville, and the Weiss Block, Madoc.
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Private Money to Loan. 271d&wly

DRS. ALLEN & NASH.
PHYSICIANS, Surgeons, &c., Campbell Street, near Front (opposite Metropolitan Hall.) Office open night and day.

W. H. HASTINGS,
SOLICITOR, &c., Madoc, Ont. Office—O'Flynn's Block.

H. JAMES, M. D.,
WISHES to inform all his friends that he has returned to Belleville, restored to health, and will resume his practice among them. The afflicted may call and consult him at his residence, Church Street.
Belleville, July 3, 1883. dawly

HENDERSON & HENDERSON,
BARRISTERS and Solicitors, Belleville. Offices removed to Victoria Building, corner of Front and Hotel Streets, over Walmsley & Spafford's store.
J. E. HENDERSON, Q. C. F. G. A. HENDERSON.
N. B.—Money to loan at lowest rates of interest. 12wly

GEO. D. DICKSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Post Office Block, Bridge St., Belleville.

FLINT & SHERRY,
(Solicitors for the Canadian Bank of Commerce.)
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, &c. Office in Ridley Block, next door to Division Court Office, Campbell Street, Belleville.
JOHN J. B. FLINT. GEO. J. SHERRY.
N. B.—Money to loan at lowest rates and on easy terms. Straight loans. No commission. d&w

DOUGALL & FALKINER,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys, Notaries Public. Office—Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 Campbell St., Belleville, Ontario.
A. R. DOUGALL, Q. C. N. B. FALKINER.

JOHN J. B. FLINT,
BARRISTER, has received a large quantity of money to loan at 6, 6½ and 7 per cent. Fees reduced to suit the times. 24tf

T. E. POMEROY, M. A., M. D., M. C., P. S.
GRADUATE of Burlington College of Medicine and Surgery, Vt., and American University, U. S. Matriculant, Ecole de Medicin de Quebec. Licentiate in Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery, Canada. Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ont. Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, also Coroner for the County.
COMMISSIONER IN Q. B., &c.
Office at his Drug Store, Tweed Ont.
Nov. 15th, 1882. 49wly

W. J. GIBSON, M. A., M. D., C. M.
FORMERLY House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital. Graduate of Queen's University. Physician, Surgeon, Accoucher. Office Pinnacle St., near the Merchants Bank.

B. S. WILSON, M. D., C. M.
PHYSICIAN and Surgeon, graduate of the University of McGill, Montreal. Late House Apothecary of the Montreal General Hospital. Residence and Office, Pinnacle St. 49tf

J. J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M.,
MONTREAL, and M. R. C. S., England. Office and Residence, Front Street, over Carmichael's Drug Store.

DR. R. TRACY,
HAVING returned from Europe, is prepared to meet his patients as usual, at his residence, Hotel Street. Consulting hours 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m., and after 6 p. m., daily. nov5

GEORGE W. WALKER, L. D. S.,
SURGEON Dentist, Front Street, Belleville. Office, directly opposite the Anglo-American House, and Hambly's Saloon.

WM. WRAY,
CONVEYANCER, Commissioner, &c., &c. Drawing wills a speciality. All business strictly confidential. Residence, Tweed Ont. 39wtf

A. W. PONTON,
[illegible]AL LAND SURVEYOR, Office in the Post Office Block.

[illegible] WILLS,
[illegible]nveyancer, Land [illegible]ce Shire H[illegible]

[illegible] County [illegible] 52y

[illegible] Con- [illegible] Block, [illegible] rivate [illegible] npany

[illegible]ON,
[illegible]ille. Office in [illegible] Street. Money to [illegible] small sum of private [illegible] nt., straight loan, no [illegible] 17

[illegible]BRIDGE, Jr., LL. B.,
[illegible]T-LAW, Solicitor in Chan[illegible] veyancer, &c., &c. Office—No. [illegible] Block, entrance from Campbell [illegible] Ont.

[illegible]VID B. ROBERTSON,
[illegible]EY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chan[illegible] Notary Public, &c., &c. Office [illegible] the Post Office, Bogart's Block, Belleville Ont. Money to lend on [illegible] and Mortgages bought and sold.

MONEY TO INVEST
[illegible] easy terms.
ALEX. ROBERTSON,
Barrister, &c.,
Bridge St., Belleville

NEWS CONDENSED.

—During the week ending Dec. 6, there were 1,027 cases of small-pox in the hospitals of London, Eng.

—The Russian Government has ordered the formation of a very formidable naval station on the coast of the Black sea.

—A national association has been formed at Gloucester, Mass., to prevent the renewal by the United States of the fishery treaty with Great Britain.

—The last act in the Adams-Coleridge case has been reached by the Lord Chief Justice settling £300 a year on his daughter, who is now Mrs. Adams, and by Mr. Adams promising not to reopen his libel suit.

—It has been discovered that the emeralds in ex-Empress Eugenie's diadem, which were purchased by an Englishman for £40,000, are false. Upon making the facts known, the ex-Empress at once refunded the money.

—Wolseley, charged with the murder of Armitage at North Onslow, in the county of Ottawa, was acquitted at the Aylmer Assizes Saturday. Wolseley quarreled with Armitage regarding the use of a pump, and during a fight shot the latter.

—The news from Lord Wolseley's headquarters is very serious. It appears that he has abandoned his idea of advancing from Korti across the desert, but will proceed from Merawe to Berber. This will delay the entrance into Khartoum for a further period of two months.

MOTHERS.

If you are failing; broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Renewer." $1 Druggists.

City High School.

We give below the highest names in order in each of the subjects at the December examinations. The classes will resume work on Wednesday, Jan. 7th, 1885. Blanks denote the place of undergraduates.

FOURTH FORM.

Greek—1 P. M. Forin, 2 J. Dolan, O. McCarty (eq), 4 W. A. Woodley. Latin—1 P. M. Forin, 2 J. F. Dolan, 3 O. McCarty, 3 W. A. Woodley. French—1 Jennie Fleming, 2 R. H. Connor, 3 Bertha Clarkson, 4 Jennie Whitehouse. German—1 Lillie MacRae, 2 L. W. Marsh, 3 R. H. Connor, 4 H. A. Simpson.—Eng. Lit. 1 ——, 2 Katie Sills, 3 P. Forin, 4 ——, Eng. Gram—1 ——, 2 ——, 3 P. M. Forin, 4 Allie MacKay. Arithemetic—1 ——, 2 D. Barragar, 3 T. Wicket, ——, (eq), 4 P. Austin. Algebra—1 O. McCarty, 2 P. Austin, 3 Minnie Whitehouse, 4 Bertha Emmons. Euclid—1 J. T. Clarke, 2 T. Wicket, 3 Bertha Clarkson, 4 P. M. Forin. Chemistry—1 Allie MacKay, 2 J. T. Clark, 3 D. Barragar, 4 ——. History—1 Jennie Fleming, 2 Lizzie Forin, 3 T. Wicket, 4 Bertha Emmons. Geography—1 T. Wicket, 2 Lizzie Forin, 3 Bertha Clarkson, 4 Jennie Ross, Jennie Fleming (eq).

THIRD FORM.

Latin—1 F. A. Lazier, 2 T Milne, 3 H. B. Macdonald, 4 S. Wallbridge. French—1 Annie Whitehouse, 2 Edna Gibson, 3 Annnie Campbell, 4 Maggie Campbell. English—1 Amelia Hott, 2 Emma Connor, 3 Mary Yeomans, 4 Mary Mitchell. Arithmetic—1 Mary Mitchell, 2 Amelia Hott, 3 Mattie Grills, 4 Emma Connors. Euclid—1 Mahala Vance, 2 Emma Connor, 9 J. T. Blandin, 4 Amelia Hott. Algebra—1 Amelia Hott, 2 Mattie Grills, 3 Mary Mitchell, 4 Annie Campbell. History—1 Bella Lake, 2 Mary Mitchell, 3 Mattie Grills, 4 Emma Connor. Drawing—1 Mary Mitchell, 2 Emma Connors, 3 J. T. Blandin, 4 Mary Yeomans.

SECOND FORM.

Latin—1 E. Robinson, 2 F. Chisholm, 3 C. A. Lingham, J. Moore. French—1 Luella Bosely, 2 Helen Emberson, 3 Alice Twining, 4 Frankie Gardner. English—1 F. Lazier, 2 Luella Bosely, 3 Dora Clapp, 4 J. Moore. Authmetic—1 H. J. Clark, 2. S. Hulme, 3 Helen Emberson, 4 Wilhelmina Everett. Euclid—1 Helen Emberson, 2 Jessie Bryson, 3 Wilhelmina Everett, 4 Frankie Gardner. Algebra—1 Wilhelmina Everett, 2 S. McNeil, 3 Jessie Bryson, 4 H. J. Clark. History—1 J. Moor, 2 Helen Emberson, 3 Frankie Gardner, 4 Luella Bosely. Geography—1 H. Clarke. 2 C. Hopkins, 3 Emma Medcalf, 4 Jessie Bryson. Drawing—1 Emma Allen, 2 Frankie Gardner, 3 J. Copeland, 4 Wilhelmina Everett, J. K. Sutherland. (eq.)

FIRST FORM.

Latin—1 A. Terrill, 2 F. Elliott, 3 W. W. Power, 4 W. MacRae. French—1 Emma Connor, 2 J. T. Blandin, 3 Clara Wallbridge, 4 F. Lazier. English—1 Eliza Orr, 2 A. Terrill, 3 Clara Wallbridge, 4 Carrie Martin. Arithmetic—1 Hattie Herrington, J. Elliot, (eq) 3 Annie Reddick, Clara Robertson (eq). Algebra.—1 May Denmark, Effie Garrett (eq) 3 Annie Reddick, 4 Eliza Orr. History—1 Effie Garrett, 2 Louise Aimy, 3 Mary Denmark, 4 Clara Wallbridge. Geography—1 Effie Garrett, 2 Eva Curtis, 3 Eliza Orr, Frank Elliot (eq). Drawing—1 W. H. Johnson, 2 H. Greenleaf, 3 J. Harold, Effie Garret (eq).

The following is a partial list of promotions:

FROM I TO II.—Effie Garrett, Mary Denmark, Clara Wallbridge, Eliza Orr, Lizzie Linklater, Annie Redick, Laura Elliott, Hattie Herrington, Clara Robinson Eva Curtis, W. Power, F. Elliott, J. Elliott, W. Thompson, J. Harold, J. W. Jamieson, A. Terrill, G. Donnelly.

FROM II TO III.—Helen Emberson, F. Chisholm.

"ROUGH ON PAIN"

Cures colic, cramps, diarrhœa; externally for aches, pains, sprains, headache, neuralgia, rheumatism. For man or beast. 20 and 50c.

Native Life in Abyssinia.

The majority of houses have a second story, at least a sort of attic, under the extinguisher roof of thatch, rimming a circular frame of dried mud or wood resting on the angles of four walls of mud and stone, either in square, or the ground plan taking the [illegible] of a Greek cross, and the interior [illegible] is surrounded by a circular outer wall of the same material. Within live the occupants, with their cattle, fowls, dogs, cats, and a Noah's ark of insects, which the natives foster with the greatest care by not touching soap, and by using very little water. The excessive disregard to cleanliness is quite a mania with Abyssinians. It is not from a want of water. There is plenty; and the famous soap tree, called *indoed*, grows everywhere, the seeds of which when carefully dried in the sun, may be worked into a good lather that is very cleansing. An Ethiopian will tell you without a blush that he is necessarily washed at birth, washes himself on his marriage morn, and hopes to be washed after death, that once every year he dips himself in the river on the festival of St. John, and every morning he wets the end of his toga with the moisture from his mouth and freshens up his eyes. Whenever he feels hard and uncomfortable he will anoint himself with mutton fat, till his head and body glisten in the sun.—Frederick Villiers in *The English Illustrated Magazine* for December.

A Decided Hit.

Hagyard's Yellow Oil touches the right spot every time when applied for rheumatism, neuralgia, pain, soreness or lameness, and internally for colds, sore throat, etc., it is equally infallible.

BY TELEGRAPH.

EUROPEAN.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 26.—The *Independance Belge* says the negotiation looking to the cession of the New Hebrides Islands by Great Britain to France will shortly be concluded.

BERLIN, Dec. 26.—The strength of the marine infantry is to be doubled, owing to the inauguration of an active colonial policy.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 26.—Russia will transfer her naval headquarters in the Black Sea from Nikolaiev to Sebastopol.

MADRID, Dec. 26.—The Government will empower the minister at Washington to assent to modifications of the Hispano-American treaty, if necessary to ensure its ratification. Spain will allow a treaty to be made to the extent of admitting free to the United States only sugars up to class 13.

LONDON, Dec. 27.—The feeling is general in political circles that the Mudir of Dongola is secretly a traitor to England.

The Russian Government has closed numerous Catholic Convents managed by Sisters of Charity in Russian Poland, because they favored Polish patients, and tried to make proselytes.

DURBAN, Dec. 27.—The British flag has been hoisted in St. Lucia. The Governor of the Cape Colony has asked the home Government to approve of the raising of the flag.

MADRID, Dec. 27.—Later details of the earthquake show the damage to property and loss of life to be much larger than at first believed. The provinces of Malaga and Granda were the scene of the severest disturbance. Many parts of Albuquerque are in ruins, and 150 persons are believed to have perished.

At Arenas-Del-Ray 40 persons were killed. Disasters are reported from other towns and slight shocks have been felt in many places since Thursday.

CAIRO, Dec. 29.—The Staffordshire regiment embarked at Korti last night for Meheridi in 20 boats.

The defeat and massacre of the friendly chiefs of the Benjamor and Hollenga tribes renders the position of affairs in the Southern Soudan critical. The rebels are making daily and nightly attacks on the outposts at Suakim. The garrison of Kassoula made a sortie on Friday and killed many of the rebels.

PARIS, Dec. 30.—A report has reached Paris that the French transports with troops from Toulon, have been sunk by Chinese cruisers between Singapore and Saigon. There is great excitement at the Ministry of Marine. Telegraphic inquiries are being sent in all directions.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Mr. Gladstone received 150 telegrams of congratulations yesterday. In spite of his 75 years, Mr. Gladstone looked younger than most head-worked New Yorkers at 50.

The emissaries of the Mahdi, who were sent to ask the King of Abyssinia for assistance, were not allowed to enter Abyssinia.

The commander of the Australian station has been ordered to hoist the British flag over the Louisiade and Woodlark groups of islands, and over Long Island and Rook Island.

AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—The direct Cable Company and French cable Co'y have reduced the tariff to Great Britain, Ireland and France, to forty cents a word.

The old cable companies have reduced the tolls to the same figures as those established by the Commercial Company.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 24.—A fire started this morning in the cellar of J. R. Mills & Co's. statoinary and mercantile printing establishment, situated in the north-west corner of the Masonic Temple. The flames spread rapidly into the other portions of the Temple, which is a large building. The first portion of the Temple to burn included the most valuable scenery, organ and other property, belonging to the Scottish fraternity, and known to be the most complete in the west. It was largely the result of the lifelong labors of Enoch F. Carson who has devoted much time to study and money, to making this cathedral the most complete of its kind. Loss to Masonic Fraternity is heavy and Mills & Co.'s establishment is destroyed. Total loss over $100,000. Two firemen were severely injured by a falling wall.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., Dec. 26.—While preparation was being made yesterday for the marriage of Willis Bunch and Mary Reno at the residence of Wm. J. Taylor, Nathan Partlow called for his wife, who was present against his wishes. Taylor attacked Partlow, when the latter shot him mortally.

GLOUCESTER, N.J., Dec. 26.—In a quarrel yesterday Wm. Lyons knocked his brother Thos. senseless. He died in 20 minutes. Wm. was arrested. He was drunk.

INDIANA FALLS, Dec. 26.—James Finnegan, a car driver, was dangerously shot last night by Chas. Haven, who intended to rob the cash box. Haven, after being severely beaten, was jailed. This is the third recent attempt to rob car drivers.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 26.—Oscar Delaney shot Dave Hart yesterday in a quarrel over the price of a grocery store counter. The wound will probably prove fatal. Delaney escaped.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—While drunk yesterday, Elmer Rollins, aged 23, attempted to wrestle with Jas. Smith aged 19. A quarrel ensued. Rollins beat Smith, and the latter stabbed him in the abdomen. Rollins died in a few minutes. Smith was jailed.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 26.—Margaret Hasley was found dead at the foot of the stairs last evening, with her husband John bending over her. Hasley was arrested. It is thought that the woman's death was accidental.

WORCESTER, Mass., Dec. 26.—Charles Connor was stabbed in the abdomen by Wm. Butler during a drunken fight yesterday.

CRYSTAL SPRING, Miss., Dec. 26.—Ben. Jordan, in a difficulty yesterday, shot and killed Val Flowers. The parties are prominent.

PETERSBURG, Va., Dec. 26.—Several cutting and shooting affrays occurred in this vicinity yesterday.

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 27.—On Saturday last Chas. Smith and Hy. Davis, colored, were arrested here, charged with robbing a store in Johnson County and assaulting the clerk who slept in the store. Smith confessed that he and Davis and two other men were guilty, and that they had robbed several stores in Johnson and Wake Counties. The prisoners were taken to Clayton and committed for trial. On Monday night one hundred disguised horsemen rode to the lock-up. Pistols were presented at the heads of the guards, who fled. The prisoners begged piteously for their lives. Davis protested that Smith had sworn falsely against him and that he was not guilty. Not a word was said by the masked men. Smith and Davis were placed on horseback, each with a man behind him. The procession then formed with the negroes in the centre and they rode toward the Neuse river. When the bridge was reached, where the water is 20 feet deep, a halt was ordered and all dismounted. The hand-cuffs and chains were still on Smith and Davis and quickly their legs were tied and chains were wrapped around their bodies. At the sign from the commander four of the maskers seized Smith and four seized Davis. The victims made the woods ring with horrid yells, but the lynchers showed no mercy. The masked men held the prisoners suspended for a moment forty feet above the water and then dropped them. There were two deathly cries, a sudden splash and all was over.

WHEELING, Va., Dec. 27.—At Ronceverte two nights ago some masked men broke into the house of Jas. Evans and after beating the old man and his wife stole $1,300. Mrs. Evans died from the shock.

LANONTE, Mo., Dec. 27.—While Jos. Robinson and a party were treating a newly married couple to an old time charavari Robinson was accidentally shot and killed by one of his friends.

LIBERTY, N. Y., Dec. 27.—There was a heavy snow fall in Sullivan County Thursday night. Yesterday many oddly shaped and yellowish colored worms were seen crawling on the top of the snow. A correspondent at Stevensville telegraphs that an extraordinary number of strange worms were seen there; they crawl as lively on snow crust as ordinary worms on land.

EASTON, Pa., Dec. 27.—Stephen Heller, a respected and well-to-do citizen of Plainfield township, died two weeks ago. It is just ascertained that he had been committing forgeries several years. The banks here hold $8,000 forged paper.

UNIONVILLE, Ga., Dec. 27.—While 5 negroes were standing in a road yesterday talking, a party of farmers came up and told the negroes they must fight. They begged to be let alone. One of them was dragged to the fence and beaten until the blood ran from his wounds. Both parties then began shooting. All the negroes were wounded. One fatally.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—The coroner claims to have discovered that St. John's home, Brooklyn, was fired by one of the inmates, Jno. O'Brien. O'Brien admits having set fire to the building, but claims that it was an accident. The coroner is not satisfied on that point. He will make a searching investigation and thinks there is a possibility of proving that O'Brien was punished and fired the building out of revenge. O'Brien is 14 years old and assisted in the laundry on wash days.

Charles W. Folger is dying of consumption at Geneva, New York.

Alonzo P. Jones, ticket agent of the Old Colony Railroad, drowned himself in the Charles river at Boston on Saturday. He was worth over one million. His accounts were straight. Cause of suicide unknown.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Dec. 27.—The Canadian Pacific Ry. receipts for the week ending Dec. 21 amounted to $105,000, against $67,000 for the corresponding week last year.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Dec. 27.—Word has been received here of a terrible accident on John Esson's contract on the Northern Railway extension, near Bracebridge.

Two or three days ago the foreman of a gang of rockmen was engaged in ramming down dynamite into a drill hole, when it exploded, throwing him clean over the derrick, and killing him instantly, his body being blown to pieces.

Three others were terribly injured, and are now lying in a temporary hospital at Bracebridge.

Christmas Greetings with Lord Wolseley.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—The Duke of Cambridge, commander-in-chief of the British forces, and the Marquis of Hartington, Secretary of State for War, exchanged Christmas greetings by telegraph yesterday with General Lord Wolseley at Korti. Lord Wolseley informed them that the troops were having a concert in camp which was a great success.

Statistics from a London Directory

The population of London is sheltered by 550,000 dwelling houses, and the area of streets and squares embraces 122 square miles. Every day sees an average of 160,000 strangers enter the city, and 1230 persons added to the population; while each year about twenty-eight miles of new streets are laid out, and 9,000 new houses erected. There are 129,000 paupers, upon whom 10,700 police keep a close eye. The population includes 120,000 foreigners, more Roman Catholics than there are in Rome, and more Jews than there are in Palestine. Two thousand clergymen preside over 620 churches and 423 chapels, of which latter buildings the Independents have 121, the Baptists 100, the Wesleyans 77, the Catholics 90, the Calvinists 10, the Presbyterians 10, the Quakers 7 and the Jews 10. The number of cats kept by the people is so large (700,000) that "cat's meat" is delivered to the most of houses. The 3,000 horses which die each week are utilized to meet this demand.

Glasgow's Commercial Importance.

Many readers will be surprised to learn that Glasgow is the second largest city in Great Britain, and the third in commercial importance. In population and manufactures it almost equals Philadelphia, and for wet weather surpasses any American city, large or small, with which I am acquainted. The people are busy, thrifty, industrious and exceedingly polite, intensely national, but absolutely ignorant and indifferent about America and American affairs. I have not met any person so ignorant as the Italian Count who asked whether it was not dangerous to venture outside of New York on account of the Indians, but they do not seem to know or care that in the vicinity of the noble city of Towson there is a populous and thriving village called Baltimore.

Glasgow claims to have the largest locomotive works in the world, and the shipbuilding yards extend along the Clyde twenty miles to Greenock, presenting a scene of ceaseless industry that astonishes even an American traveller. The Glasgow Cathedral is one of the most ancient and interesting churches in Great Britain. The present structure was built in 1181 and is in excellent preservation. The University of Glasgow made it a prominent place, even when the population was quite small.—*Baltimore Day Letter.*

The Cow is Queen.

A few years ago many people stood ready to claim that cotton was King. Indeed there are many grasping slaves to-day who claim the same thing. Statistics are abundant by means of which this claim can be in part at least substantiated, but very few people seem desirous of claiming that King Cotton ever did much to improve society, education, or condescend to fight such a vulgar thing as a majority.

Cotton may be king or not just as people care to think. We dont believe he is, but we do believe that the good cow is queen, and that with a gentle and royal purpose she is seeking to build up the lands that the old monarch has wasted. There is very little about the old cow. She steps slowly and clumsily about her business, but she makes the business pay well. She plods along in heat or cold, wet or dry, eating what is given her, feeling interest enough in the family to look out for their daily interests under circumstances that would discourage any other living creature, and when fed and cared for as she should be, she responds like a queen. She should be crowned with a new milking pail and an extra feed of meal. The good old cow has paid off more mortgages and paid for more farms than any other known production.

Beneath Constantinople.

(Correspondence New York Tribune.)

Constantinople is notoriously a city built on ruins. Every time a new house is erected numbers of ancient relics are brought to view. The trustees of the American Bible-house in this city are making an addition to their fine building, and have found a regular mass of ancient foundations at from ten to twenty-five feet below the surface of the ground. Some of the old walls contain great bricks fourteen inches square, as hard as stone, and each stamped with a name in Greek characters. It seems to be uncertain whether the name is that of a maker or that of the emperor. Some of the bricks are marked 'Koctan,' others 'Konctans.' Others yet have besides a name a date which corresponds to the year 507 A.D. The cement in which these bricks are laid is as hard as rock, and it is difficult to get them out unbroken; but specimens of quite a number of stamped bricks will be preserved at the Bible-house for the inspection of those interested. It is quite probable that a Christian church or monastery once occupied the Bible-house site, although not a single inscription has been found whereby to identify the structure. Under the foundations of this Christian edifice were found fragments of sculpture that date from heathen times. A Corinthian capital and some fragments of cornices in beautiful red marble suggest that a splendid building stood here before the Christian church was built.

THIN PEOPLE.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Impotence, Sexual Debility. $1.

The Municipal Nominations.

J. G. Frost and J. W. Dunnet for the Mayoralty.

Nominations in the Various Wards.

In accordance with the provisions of the Municipal Act, the nomination of candidates for the Mayoralty took place in the City Hall between 10 & 11 o'clock Monday, the City Clerk presiding. When the proceedings were begun the attendance of the electors was small, but soon the gathering increased in numbers until the Hall was comfortably filled.

Shortly after the hour appointed, Mr. Hugh Walker came forward, and, seconded by Mr. Horace Yeomans, nominated MR. JAMES W. DUNNET as Mayor for 1885.

Mr. A. N. Pringle, seconded by Mr. A. N. Reid, nominated MR. JOHN G. FROST.

Mr. G. D. Dickson was also nominated.

At 11 o'clock the nominations were declared closed by the Clerk.

MR. HUGH WALKER, as Mr. Dunnet's mover, said Mr. Dunnet and Mr. Frost would fight the battle out, as he understood Mr. Dickson would withdraw. He referred to the controversy which had sprung up in relation to the position of the candidates towards the Scott Act. He thought the Scott Act should stand upon its merits and was glad neither had been led to drag it into the municipal election. He then referred to the satisfactory and efficient manner in which Mr. Dunnet had occupied the chair and his liberality in donating his salary as Mayor to the Hospital fund.

MR. DUNNET said he felt very much like leaving the matter in the hands of the voters without a speech. Last year he asked them to take him on trust; now it was for them to say whether he had filled the office acceptably. If he had, and they had no fault to find, he would think they were discriminating against him as they had given his predecessors two year terms. He denied pledging himself to agreeing to be content with a one year term. Mr. Frost and Mr. Dickson had agreed upon it but he had not. Mr. Lingham, he said, had been elected by acclamation because he had recognized his right to a two years' term, and thought he was not out of place in coming out a second time. Even his strongest opponents had no fault to find with his conduct in the Mayor's chair for the past year. He referred to the benefits the city had derived from the visit of the deputation to Montreal on behalf of the market train service and thought the greatest amount of benefit would be derived in the spring when the link to Eldorado was completed. There had been no jobbery in the Council during the past year, their record might not have been flowery, but it was substantial. The rate of taxation had been reduced, and as an evidence that the city was not deteriorating he could say there were few vacant houses in it. He had been interviewed by the Licensed Victuallers as to his attitude toward the Scott Act and had frankly announced his sentiment. He was sorry the matter had been in any way brought forward, but he would not, if elected, allow his position as Mayor to influence his actions. He would support it as a citizen, and said he would sooner wear the blue ribbon badge than the badge of the City Mayoralty, provided he had to wear the latter to the sacrifice of the former.

Ex. Alderman JAS. ST. CHARLES said both men before them had a spotless record, but he thought it was time a stop was put to the two year term, hence his favor of Mr. Frost. He had nominated Mr. Dickson not that he wished to run, but rather to speak.

MR. FROST said that it was the first time that political rancor and political feelings had been buried. It augured well for the future of the city. The nomination of twenty-one Aldermen and a presiding officer was the object of the hour. In presenting himself as a candidate he merely wished an opportunity to vindicate his municipal career. The kind of men they wanted to conduct their affairs were those who would take a straight course and adhere to it without fear of adverse criticism. In the discharge of his duty in the Council he had not shrunk from what he had considered his duty from fear of offending some one. He paid a compliment to the retiring Mayor, but said he had only done his duty, and asked if no questions had arisen requiring the consideration and action of the Council, and wanted to know what had been done to recover moneys paid in railway bonuses which was made possible by a recent enactment of Parliament! Nothing.

Mr. Dunnet.—Yes, there has; a deputation was sent to Toronto.

Mr. Frost.—There was an opportunity when good could have been accomplished, but the Council—not the Council, but the Mayor—failed to act. He had been so slow in the performance of his duty that it devolved upon the Board of Trade to raise a deputation to go to Montreal, for which Mayor Dunnet claimed credit for success. When the Ferry question was being agitated, Mr. Dunnet made matters worse than they were by writing private letters advocating only one ferry. After the rate of taxation had been fixed at 15 mills Mr. Dunnet recommended a raise of 1 mill. What was the object of the increase? Simply to follow out his line of policy and buy his way back with the people's money, as the $1,000 thus to be raised for the hospital fund, was intended for that purpose. Mr. Dunnet was a good business man in his office but in a public office was out of place. He had neglected his duty and shrunk from it for fear of public opinion. He spoke of the second term cry and said he would throw down the gauntlet and claimed that Mr. Dunnet had said it was wrong to claim a second year term. If he had painted the picture in too strong terms attribute it to his dislike to sham and nonsense.

MR. DICKSON said it was a remarkable thing that the city could get out two candidates who would not incur the hostilities of the press. Both were good men, but he was in favor of Mr. Frost, as he had heard Mr. Dunnet advocate the principle of one term while in the Council. Mr. Frost, he considered, was entitled to the consideration of the electors; that Mr. Dunnet should, in view of his often asserted opinions, retire in favor of Mr. Frost. He said they would have to face a higher rate of taxation the coming year to liquidate outstanding and accumulating debts. He argued that the citizens, Grits and Conservatives, should unite to recover the $150,000 bonus. They should insist on the Midland making the line a through one to Georgian Bay, instead of a side track to Peterborough, as it was the former that we paid the money for. He would not be a candidate this year, but his time might come, as he deemed it a very great honor to be elected by the people to fill that position.

At the close of Mr. Dickson's remarks a call was made for Mr. Dunnet, but as he was not in the hall, the crowd, which had been dropping out one by one as the dinner hour approached, dispersed.

ALDERMANIC.

The following nominations were made in the various wards:

FOSTER WARD.—W. N. Ponton, E. H. La Roche, Robt. M. Clarke and A. T. Petrie.

SAMSON WARD.—Messrs. Walter Alford, Henry McIntosh and John C. Keith were elected by acclamation.

KETCHESON WARD.—Geo. S. Tickell, Jno. W. Johnson, W. H. Biggar and C. J. Starling.

BALDWIN WARD.—W. J. Diamond, James Macoun, Wm. Davis and C. F. Smith.

COLEMAN WARD.—A. N. Pringle, Lawrence Johnson, R. B. Cooper, John Grant, Jos. Durand and Fredk. Frost.

MURNEY WARD.—Geo. H. Pope, Wm. S. Reeves, Thos. Hanley, Jos. G. Vandusen, Jos. Fox and Wm. Watson.

BLEECKER WARD.—Wm. J. Baker, Wm. Templeton, Michael Graham, W. R. Goodwin, W. Gordon.

NOMINATIONS ELSEWHERE.

HUNGERFORD.—Reeve, P. Murphy: 1st Dep., A. McGowan; 2d Dep., Jas. Clare; Council, F. Murphy, H. Mouck.

No election was held, on account of danger to the public health, and the above gentlemen, who composed last year's Council, retain office.

NAPANEE.—For Mayor, W. Joy, F. Gibson. For Reeve, U. Wilson, by acclamation. For Dep. Reeve, H. W. Perry, T. G. Carscallen.

THURLOW.—Reeve, H. Ashley, by acclamation. 1st Deputy, N. Vermilyea, by acclamation. 2nd Deputy, J. M. Hurley, R. D. Watson. Councillors, J. W. Ross, W. A. Chapman.

PORT HOPE.—For Mayor, H. A. Ward, H. H. Burnham.

DESERONTO.—For Reeve—J. Newton, by acclamation. For Councillors—T. Deasey, R. Irvine, J. Edwards, R. Baker, R. Cross, C. Goodmurphy, D. McRae, J. S. Balleau.

ELZEVIR AND GRIMSTHORPE.—James Tuttle, Reeve, by acclamation. H. James, F. Thompson, J. Breeze, A. Jeffs, Councillors, by acclamation.

KINGSTON.—Mayor—Ald. McGuire, Ald. Smyth and Dr. Stewart. The latter was nominated by a lady.

STIRLING.—For Reeve—Dr. Faulkner and F. B. Parker. For Councillors—Bolrick, D. Martin, Thos. McKee, Loucks, Stickle and Graham.

MADOC VILLAGE.—For Reeve—C. F. Aylesworth, Stephen Reed. Councillors—C. G. Wilson, Wm. Kerr, N. M. Maybee, James Kirk, elected by acclamation.

TRENTON.—Fifteen nominations were made for Mayor. It was expected that Jas. Richardson would be returned by acclamation, but should there be opposition, it would be G. W. Ostrom.

COBOURG.—Mayor—J. W. Gravely, by acclamation.

COLBORNE.—For Reeve—Dr. Willoughby, W. Payne, F. W. Webb.

LINDSAY.—For Mayor—Col. Deacon, J. W. Wallace.

MARMORA.—Reeve—A. W. Carscallen by acclamation. For Councillors,—Wm. Hilton, Ralph Laycock, Richard Campion, Thos. Hamilton, James Bailey, Patrick Maloney.

SIDNEY.—Reeve, S. T. Wilmot, by acclamation. 1st Deputy, H. Bleecker, by acclamation. 2nd do., Morden Bird and Jas. Farley. Councillors: Henry Fenn, John Holgate, and John H. Rowe.

BRIGHTON.—For Reeve, M. P. Ketcham and James Nesbitt. For Councillors: W. Coyle, Geo. Maybee, L. A. Purdy, C. B. Kemp, T. D. Weller, D. W. Dulmage, J. Burr, T. D. Sanford, D. C. Bullock, J. Gunayo, Edwin Bibby.

TORONTO.—The Mayoralty contest will be confined to Alex. Manning and Jno. J. Withrow, who two years ago was counted out. There will be a contest in every ward of the city but St. George, for which Aldermen Walker, Maughan and Verrall were declared elected by acclamation.

OTTAWA.—Messrs. Frank McDougall, Ald. Erratt and Dr. St. Jean were all nominated as candidates for the Mayoralty. It was said that Dr. St. Jean was nominated without his consent. He retired from the contest in favor of Mr. McDougall.

PETERBOROUGH.—Mr. George A. Cox was re-elected Mayor by acclamation.

ASHBURNHAM.—John Burnham was re-elected Reeve by acclamation.

CAMPBELLFORD.—For Reeve, Charles Gillespie, Joseph Townsend.

For Councillors, R. B. Denike, Alex. Green, John Shannon, Joseph Shields, James Benor.

SEYMOUR.—For Reeve—Gilbert Bedford, Fred'k Peake. For Deputy Reeve—H'y Dunham, Richard Bonnycastle. For Councillors—John Rutherford, Wm. Nealon, jr., John Morrison, Jas. Stillman, Wm. Locke, John McGrath, Wm. Milne, Jas. Irvine.

HAMILTON.—J. J. Mason was re-elected Mayor by acclamation.

BRANTFORD.—W. J. Scarfe was elected Mayor by acclamation.

PICTON.—For Mayor, Walter Ross and J. N. Carter.

HASTINGS.—Reeve, H. M. Fowlds. Councillors—H. Johnson, Alex. Wilson, jr., John Coughlin, A. M. Paton.

NEWBURG.—Old council re-elected. Reeve, J. D. Hall.

TYENDINAGA.—Reeve, J. C. Hanley, Thos. Deasey; 1st Dep., F. West, D. Anderson; 2d Dep., P. Nash, by acclamation; Council, Geo. Munro, D. Brown, by acclamation.

Wrecked on a Sand.

HALIFAX, Dec. 26.—The Government steamer *Lansdowne*, from Sable Island, brings intelligence of another disaster on one of the outstretching Sandbars, involving the loss of six lives. The French brigantine "A.S.H." from St. Pierre Miquelon, bound to Boston, with a cargo of fish, struck on the north side, about two miles from the main station on the afternoon of last Friday. Four men were washed away and lost, and two others were drowned in attempting to reach shore during the night. The sole survivor reached here by the *Lansdowne*.

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No other medicine has won for itself such universal approbation in its own city, state, and country, and among all people, as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It is the best combination of vegetable blood purifiers, with the Iodide of Potassium and Iron, ever offered to the public.

Mr. James Clarke & Co., Belleville, Ont., your Druggist, says Flint's Tooth Powder, the Peerless Dentifrice, surpasses any dentifrice he has ever offered for sale. Try it—best in the world. Price 25 cts.

A clear head is indicative of good health and regular habits. When the body feels heavy and languid, and the mind works sluggishly, Ayer's Cathartic Pills will wonderfully assist to a recovery of physical buoyancy and mental vigor. The constipated should use them.

—"Why! What's the matter?" Lady—(With face enveloped in roll of hot cloths)—"Oh! I'm crazy with that Neuralgia that continually troubles me."

—"Well how foolish! Why don't you go to Jas. Clarke & Co's. cor. Front and Bridge Sts. Drug Store and get a bottle of fluid Lightning? It cured me in less than one minute. I always keep a bottle in the house. It only costs 25 cents."

Freeman's Worm Powders are agreeable to take, and expel all kinds of worms from children or adults.

The Breath of Scandal.

In addition to his likening the tongue to a match or spark which may destroy millions worth of property, or to the helm which turns about a big ship, the Apostle might also have likened it to the prick of a rusty needle or the sting of a poisonous insect, which has killed big strong men. The wife of a school teacher at Red Hood, in Duchess county, New York, recently angered some boys about a trifling affair, in revenge for which they invented a scandal that was too willingly exaggerated and spread. It became the talk of the village and on coming to her ears, made her so despondent and frantic that even while protesting her innocence she poisoned herself to death. Her husband's health and spirits were so affected by the slander and its consequence that he, too, committed suicide a few days ago. Had these two been killed by pistols or poniards, instead of tongues, the affair could not have been less a case of wanton and reckless use of deadly weapons—a case of criminal carelessness and manslaughter, to say the least.

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The Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY, JAN. 1.

Death of George Kingsmill.

George R. Kingsmill, well-known in news-paper circles in Toronto, died suddenly in Ottawa on the 25th, of heart disease. Mr. Kingsmill occupied an editorial position on the old Toronto *Telegraph* and was subsequently an editorial writer on the *Mail* in its earlier days. Latterly he has been connected with the Ottawa *Sun*. He was a man about forty-five years of age, and leaves a wife but no family.

Small-Pox District.

The Disease Dying Out.

HUNGERFORD, Dec. 23, 1884.

Since the last report to the INTELLIGENCER Mr. G. Vair resigned as a member of the Local Board of Health. At the meeting of the Council on last Saturday Mr. Wm. White was duly appointed to fill the vacancy.

No new cases have occurred in the municipality and there are only two cases in the hospital requiring treatment. The Sisters have left and two who have had the disease formerly are going home to-night. The other two are going into quarantine for 14 days. The houses in which it has been are now undergoing a proper disinfection and all seems to indicate that the disease has run itself out under the treatment used by the Board and Medical Health Officer. The two nurses now remaining in Stoco are taking care of those in the hospital and in the village. The Board are using all diligence to preserve the health of the people by having the constables at all points to prevent persons coming from the infected district through the county and to Tweed or any other place. They hope by next week to be in a position to report the township clear of the malady. We are happy to inform you that the Rev. Father Fleming is now able to sit up and walk around in his own house. At the last report there was an impression made that 28 deaths was all that had taken place in the township. It should have read in the vicinity of Stoco. There have been about 45 deaths in all in the township. In our next we will be able to give a more satisfactory report. We are happy to be able to state with truth that no case of small-pox has occurred in Mr. Gabourie's or any other place in or around Tweed, except at Rev. Father Fleming's.

Deaths will occur in other ways than small-pox. On Saturday last, 21st, May Loretto, infant daughter of Mr. J. Quinn, merchant, died from inflammation. The child was only nine months old. Mr. and Mrs. Quinn feel keenly their loss.

On Monday, the 22nd, Robert Roy, son of Mr. Clement Arney, aged three weeks, died suddenly. The child was only ill from Saturday. The parents have the kind sympathy of the villagers and friends.

We are glad to see that Mr. George Noble, who has been confined to his room for over a week, is able to be around again.

Mr. Patrick Kerwin is ill from heart disease. His case is critical, but we trust he will recover.

Exhibition of Canadian Produce.

The Liverpool *Journal of Commerce* of December 9th says: "A magnificent collection of roots has been forwarded to Mr. John Dyke, Canadian Government agent at this port, by the Root and Vegetable Growers' Association of Cobourg, Ontario (Canada), and is now on exhibition at Mr. J. Cuthbert's seedsman, Clayton Square. It will be remembered that in 1880 some extraordinary roots from Manitoba, including a mammoth squash weighing 313 lbs. and a red mangold weighing 73 lbs. were on exhibition in this city. These were, we believe, the heaviest specimens on record. The roots now on exhibition are not so large, but, at the same time, they are of much better shape and quality. Accompanying these are some twenty different sorts of very fine potatoes, comprising several varieties which are apparently unknown on this side of the water, some magnificent onions, and specimens of wheat, barley, and oats. The two-rowed barley, it is stated, is one of the finest specimens seen in Liverpool for many years. As indicative of the fertility of the soil, there are two plants of Indian corn which stand eleven feet high. There are some twenty different varieties of apples, the whole making a most interesting display. To those interested in agriculture or the welfare of our fellow-countrymen in the Dominion the exhibition cannot fail to be of interest."

Dungannon and Faraday.

Mr. D. Kavanagh has been re-elected Reeve by acclamation. The nominees for the Council are Messrs. J. Jarman, J. Gould, F. Mullett, J. C. George, R. McPhee, A. Kennedy and H. Gabel.

Promotion Examination.

The following is the result of the promotion examination for S. S. No. 6, Thurlow, the promotions being subject to the approval of the County Inspector:

III CLASS.—Max. 417, min. 300. Ida Palmer, 356, Emma McWilliams, 342, Fred Sills, 302.

II CLASS.—Max. 417, min. 209. Meda Rosevear, 330, Minnie Fairman, 303, Cora Murdoff, 244, Jay Farley, 238, Lila Palmer, 224.

I. CLASS.—Max. 230, min. 115. Annie McWilliams, 169, Lucy Palmer, 166, Arthur Sine, 162, Willet Farley, 157, James Rosevear, 154, Bertie La'ta, 138.

C. R. HOWELL,
Teacher.

The Legislative Session.

The Ontario Legislature has been summoned to meet on the 28th of January—the day previous to the meeting of the Dominion Parliament.

Christmas Tree.

[illegible] sion [illegible] tree [illegible] conces- sion Church [illegible] in every respect. Much [illegible] on the Superintendent, Mr. F. Spafford, and his teachers and scholars, for the very able entertainment which they gave those present, who were not a few. The trees were beautifully decorated, and the presents were of a good quality.

Towards the close of the evening Mr. John Moore, teacher of S. S. No. 4, was called to the platform and was presented with a beautiful "ink-stand," accompanied by an address, from his pupils, to which a suitable reply was made, in which was expressed his thanks and greatfulness for the appreciation of his labors while with them.

People soon began to disperse, all seemingly pleased and profited.

Bogart L. O. L. No. 1135.

At the last regular meeting the following brethren were elected for the coming year:—Bro. Robt. Oliver, W.M.; Bro. J. Beatty, D.M.; Bro. Robt. Gordon, Sec'y.; Bro. Jabez Dean, Fin.-Sec'y.; Bro. S. G. Dafoe, Chap.; Bro. Wm. Porter, Treas.; Committee—Bros. M. Dafoe, N. Dafoe, A. Lockwood, Jas. Lucas; John Dwyre, D. of C.

Flinton.

Since the two last falls of snow we have had plenty of sleighing here and it causes livelier times and conduces to an increase of trade in general. Every one now seems to be on the *qui vive*.

Hauling to the rivers and streams has commenced at the lumbering camps in good earnest, and the output of timber will be considerable this season. We were visited with a cold wave during three days of last week. The mercury took a dip to 28 degrees below zero on the mornings of the 19th and 20th inst. Several had vegetables frozen in their cellars.

Arva Champagne and Dennis Beausoleil left on Tuesday last for Fifield, Wisconsin, to join their brothers in the lumbering operations in that State.

The Board of Health are more negligent at present than heretofore, as it now becomes a reality that the small pox is in the Wilson family. Mrs. Andrew Wilson was stricken down with that disease on Friday last, nearly three weeks after her husband arrived from the hospital at Stoco. This family have been kept isolated during all that period and it now will require great watchfulness on the part of the authorities to keep it confined to the premises.

We are informed that a case of small-pox has also broken out in the Carterfold family, some few miles east of Bridgewater, and they are at their wits end to discover how they became infected, as they had no intercourse with those who were exposed to it. Nearly all, old and young in our village and vicinity have been vaccinated and we are sanguine it will not spread. The festive season has now arrived, and all the young, as well as many of the old are on tiptoe.

A grand entertainment, consisting of an oyster supper, vocal and instrumental music, readings, recitations, dialogues &c., all from the choicest collections, will take place at the Methodist Church in this village on Christmas evening, proceeds in aid of the parsonage fund.

Also an oyster supper will be held at the Methodist Church, Harlowe, on Christmas eve. Proceeds also in aid of the parsonage fund.

TYRO.

Pastoral Induction.

In accordance with previous announcements, a Council (composed of Rev. Dr. Jackson, of Kingston; Rev. Thomas Hall, Missionary Supt.; Rev. Hugh Pedley and W. J. Harper, Cobourg, and Mr. H. D. Hampton, Belleville,) met at 3 p. m. in the Congregational Church, for the purpose of examining the candidate for the Pastoral office, Rev. A. W. Maine. The Council was convened with Rev. Dr. Jackson as Moderator. After prayer by Rev. T. Hall, the Rev. Hugh Pedley was appointed Scribe. The call from the Church to Rev. A. W. Maine was then read by the Moderator, also a certificate from the Congregational Church at Economy, Nova Scotia, to Rev. A. W. Maine.

Mr. Maine then delivered his statement of belief, and the following resolution was unanimously carried:

Moved by Rev. Thos. Hall, seconded by Rev. Hugh Pedley, That this Council having heard the call to the Rev. A. W. Maine read, and also his statement of belief do sustain the call of the Church, and proceed to the Installation service.

The following programme for the evening was then arranged:

1. Introductory Services—the Moderator.
2. Statement of Congregational Principles—Rev. H. Pedley.
3. Installation Prayer—Rev. T. Hall.
4. Right hand of Fellowship—Rev. Hugh Pedley.
5. Address to the Pastor—Rev. Dr. Jackson.
6. Address to the People—Rev. T. Hall.

The meeting then closed with prayer, and adjourned until 7.30 p. m., when the members of the Church and congregation, and other friends assembled to witness the installation of their pastor elect. The programme as given above was then carried into effect.

The Rev. Hugh Pedley's address on Congregational principles was brief and to the point. The Rev. gentleman gave statistics showing that Congregationalists may well be proud of their missionary and educational work of the world.

The Rev. Dr. Jackson, in his address to the Pastor elect, spoke of the high esteem and affection in which he was held by his former congregation in Economy, and of his own confidence in Mr. Maine's zeal, earnestness and abilities in the work of the Lord.

Rev. Thos. Hall then addressed the Church in his usual enthusiastic manner, exhorting them not to be discouraged, but to look up with a firm trust in the Head of the Church, and to rejoice evermore, as Christians ought even amidst trials and difficulties.

The Rev. Hugh Pedley extended the "right hand of fellowship" to the candidate, with a few fitting words of "welcome."

Throughout the service appropriate music was rendered by the choir, and during the taking up of the collection the anthem, "How Beautiful upon the Mountains" was sung. Just before the close of the service, Mr. F. W. Harper, who is Deacon of the Congregational Church of Cobourg, and who represented that Church as a delegate, asked permission to say a few words of good cheer to the Church, which he did in an able manner, assuring them of prosperity and increase as the result of a full trust in the power and goodness of God.

The service closed with the benediction by the Pastor.

Manitoba Murders.

WINNIPEG, Dec. 25.—Intelligence has been received of a shooting affair near Golden City in which one man was killed and another wounded. Three men were proceeding from Golden City to Columbia on ponies, riding in single file a little distance from one another. They got some distance beyond Johnson's ranche, about 12 miles from Golden City, when a shot was fired by some one in the bush. The second man dropped dead, shot through the heart. The first man spurred his horse and made his escape. The third, finding his horse too slow, jumped off and ran back towards Johnson's ranche. While doing so he received a shot in the leg, but succeeded in reaching the ranche. It seems that the murderer, finding no money on the body of his victim, gave chase to the horse, caught it, cut open the pack, and took from it $4,500, and then made good his escape.

The body of a man named McIntosh has been found near Beaver Creek, Man. He was probably murdered and robbed, as he was known to have $1,300 on his person when he left Beaver Creek.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

ST. JOHN'S N. F., Dec. 26.—A despatch from Harbor Grace states that the Orange demonstration passed off quietly. The procession was composed of 1,000 persons. It passed through the principal streets unmolested. The Riverhead men with their green flag held their own citadel, and the Orangemen abstained from intrusion on Catholic ground. The bloody memory of last St. Stephen's day, reinforced by a war ship and a formidable police force, effectually prevented any hostile demonstration.

Shortly after the procession passed through Pippy's Lane, the scene of last years' sanguinary conflict, the Riverhead men, numbering some hundreds, followed, but Inspector Carty, with a large body of mounted infantry and police, kept a safe interval between the antagonistic parties until the Orangemen reached their hall. The city at present is tranquil.

—The Montreal Salvationists arrested a couple of weeks ago have been acquitted.

—Everything indicates that the reception to be given in Montreal to Sir John Macdonald next month will be a great success.

—A British gunboat has planted the English flag at Durnford to dispel all doubts of its being a British possession. By this means the entire country south of Delagoa bay is placed under British protection.

THE WHEEL.

Still Moves and has its Army of Fair Admirers.

The Ball—Who Went and What They Wore—The Belle.

The Ramblers' Wheel Club of this city, which has chronicled a long list of successful entertainments, added still another bright chapter to its history Tuesday night. The ball at the Oddfellows' hall was a decided success.

The strides made by this organization since it was inaugurated have been remarkable. In May, 1883, there were only six wheels in the city and only about ten enthusiasts. Nothing daunted they formed a club, which proved the nucleus of the best wheel club in this part of Ontario. There are now over fifty wheels in the city and the organization has a membership of nearly a hundred, with fair prospects of their all having 'cycles in the spring.

During the past season a number of public entertainments have been given, the most brilliant being that of the 24th of May; while the most charitable was the concert which netted $103 for the Hospital Fund. The receipts for the year have been $1,278.78, but so liberal have the club been in sharing their pleasures with the public, that the treasurer's funds amount to less than $200.

The ball, as stated, was in every particular a success. The party was select and represented the elite of the city. Excellent music was furnished by the Oddfellows' orchestra under Mr. Riggs, and the fairy-like forms of the fair ladies tripped lightly to an fro under the gas lights in an ever lifting scene of beauty and life to the sweet strains of music. The members of the Wheel Club were distinguished from their guests by wearing their uniforms—knickerbockers—which gave a diversity and charm to the entertainment. So deep was the interest and unsullied the enjoyment that the carefully arranged programme of thirty sets, with a number of extras, did not seem to suffice. The exodus of pleasure seekers did not set in until three o'clock, just about the time the legitimate programme was exhausted.

The committee of management, composed of Messrs. S. M. Daly, S. G. Retallack, W. P. Way, R. H. Fenwick, E. Corby, Geo. E. Reid, S. C. Thomson and W. H. Biggar, deserve credit for the success of the assembly.

Among the visiting wheelmen were Mr. Vidal, of Sarnia, Mr. H. O'Flynn, of Madoc, and Mr. G. Hope, of Trenton.

The hall was handsomely decorated with a festoon of evergreens around the wall, and streamers of red, white and blue attached to the gas lights and stretched to the walls. Flags—the Union Jack and Stars and Stripes—were tastefully draped upon the walls, while a wheel occupied each of the four corners of the room.

The ladies who attended were costumed as follows.

Mrs. S. B. Burdett, blue skirt, crimson plush overdress, lace trimmings, gold ornaments.

Miss Bradshaw, white lace skirt, satin bodice, lace trimmings, silver ornaments.

Miss Beasley, pale pink satin, white lace trimmings, flowers, gold ornaments.

Mrs. A. Brignall, cream satin, natural flowers, spangled trimmings, diamonds.

Miss Brownlee, bisquit colored cassimere, garnet plush trimmings, gold ornaments.

Mrs. F. Burrows, of Toronto, brown satin, lace trimmings, gold ornaments.

Mrs. C. Corby, shrimp pink nun's veiling, garnet plush trimmings, gold ornaments.

Miss Diamond, blue silk, swan down trimmings, silver ornaments.

Miss Denmark, blue petticoat, white lace overdress, natural flowers, gold ornaments.

Miss Elliott, white satin, lace trimmings, flowers and gold ornaments.

Miss Fenwick, dark blue satin, lace trimmings, flowers and gold ornaments.

Mrs. E. B. Fraleck, black satin, crimson plush trimmings, ruby ornaments.

Miss Nellie Ford, of Brighton, cream lace skirt, crimson plush bodice, natural flowers, gold ornaments.

Miss Minnie Greatrix, cream nun's veiling, hand painted and natural flowers, ornaments silver.

Miss Greene, of Napanee, pink silk, white lace trimmings, silver ornaments.

Miss Gordon, black skirt, lace overdress, flowers, gold ornaments.

Miss Glass, black silk, lace trimmings, flowers and silver ornaments.

Mrs. R. C. Hulme, black satin, bead and lace trimmings, gold ornaments.

Miss Emma Hickey, blue satin, white lace trimmings, flowers and silver ornaments.

Miss Harold, black velvet, white lace trimmings, gold ornaments.

Miss Addie Harold, white skirt, black velvet waist, flowers.

Mrs. Ingram, pink silk, white lace front, natural flowers, diamond ornaments.

Miss Irwin, cream nun's veiling, bisquit colored sash, point lace trimmings, diamonds.

Miss Willson, of Napanee, garnet velvet, white lace trimmings, flowers, gold ornaments.

Miss Hattie Willson, pink satin, lace trimmings, gold ornaments.

Miss Jennie West, blue silk, white lace trimmings, flowers.

Miss Thompson, pink cassimere, garnet and lace trimmings, gold ornaments.

Miss Ada Taylor, white nun's veiling, crimson sash, silver ornaments.

Mrs. Vandervoort, cream nun's veiling, natural flowers, gold ornaments.

Miss Ida Starling, white satin, natural flowers, gold ornaments.

Miss Tillie Starling, pink satin, white lace trimmings, flowers and gold ornaments.

Miss Sproule, black velvet, black lace and swan's down trimmings, gold ornaments.

Miss Fannie Stinson, Bloomfield, bisquit colored silk, blue lace trimmings, gold ornaments.

Miss Annie Smith, pink satin, white lace front, natural flowers, gold ornaments.

Mrs. Wm. Smeaton, black velvet skirt, seal brown satin overdress, gold ornaments.

Mrs. Geo. Stirling, amber satin, black lace front and trimmings, gold ornaments.

Miss Ida Richardson, white illusion, white satin bodice, lace trimmings, silver ornaments.

Miss Rankin, brown silk, point lace, natural flowers, gold ornaments.

Miss Maud Rankin, white dress, crimson sash, silver ornaments.

Miss Roberts, of Montreal, white cassimere, natural flowers, silver ornaments.

Mrs. S. G. Retallack, white satin, point lace trimmings, pearl and ruby ornaments.

Mrs. Geo. Reid, black satin skirt, tinseled lace overdress, flowers and gold ornaments.

Miss Addie Reid, black velvet, brocaded silk bodice, black lace, flowers and gold ornaments.

Miss Pearce, fawn silk, crimson plush trimmings, flowers, gold ornaments.

Miss Ransom, blue silk, white satin sash, swan's down trimmings, gold ornaments.

Miss Morden, of Picton, wine colored silk, white lace trimmings, flowers, gold ornaments.

Miss O'Hare, cream nun's veiling, crimson front, satin bodice, flowers and gold ornaments.

Miss Jennie McArthur, white lawn skirt, satin bodice, lace trimmings, flowers, silver ornaments.

Mrs. S. S. Lazier, white satin skirt, blue bodice, lace trimmings, diamonds.

Miss Maud Lazier, garnet plush swan's down trimmings, gold ornaments.

Miss Maud Mackie, white satin, variegated blue court train, swan's down trimmings, silver ornaments.

Mrs. S. Johnson, black brocaded silk, lace trimmings, gold ornaments.

Mrs. J. C. Keith, black satin, velvet bodice, lace trimmings, gold ornaments.

Miss Kerr, of Toronto, pink lawn, pink lace, silver ornaments.

THAT REMINDS US

That it was hard to say who was the belle of the ball. A young lady from Montreal contested the laurels with a debutante from this city.

That the music of the orchestra was very much admired.

That Messrs. Dickens & Sanderson provided the lunch.

That all enjoyed themselves amazingly and gave due credit to the Committee.

LENNOX.

The *Globe* announces that "it has been discovered that during the recent provincial election in Lennox an indiscreet agent committed a corrupt act." Mr. Hawley has, therefore, abandoned the seat, being "led to take this decided step not only by his strong sense of right, but because of the enormous costs which, under the present law, attend the trial of an election petition."

Ah! But the facts tell a different story. So far from only one corrupt act by one indiscreet agent having been discovered, Mr. Hawley admits that the whole of his majority of 42 was bought! If there had been only one corrupt act, that would not, under the Provincial law, have voided the election. The purchase of five votes out of the 42 would not have vitiated it, no, nor for that matter, the purchase of 25, for under this statute it must be shown that the election was carried absolutely by corruption. But what Mr. Howley confesses, and this is the first instance in the history of the Local Election law of a candidate's being driven into such a corner, as that "bribery prevailed to such an extent that the election is void," in other words, that each separate and individual vote of the 42 was illegally obtained. And what a barefaced attempt to deceive is the statement that Mr. Hawley has surrendered owing to his "strong sense of right." Why, the wretched man dodged service for days. When a bailiff went to his house to serve him he was seen on the full run for parts unknown, and finally an order had to be obtained from the court permitting substitutional service upon his wife. It is probably the first time leg-bail has been held to prove the existence of a strong sense of right on the part of the accused. And how deftly does the *Globe* weave into this tissue of falsehoods the "enormous costs" to which Mr. Hawley would have laid himself open! Unfortunately for this part of the story, costs go with proof. If the petitioner had been able to show only one corrupt act, Mr. Hawley would have been let in only for the costs attending the establishment of that act. If the petitioner had preferred twenty charges and nineteen of them had failed, he, not Mr. Hawley, would have had to foot the bill for the nineteen. The fact, then, that Mr. Hawley expected to be mulcted in a large outlay tells not in his favor but dead against him, for it is an admission that the petitioner would have been able to prove wholesale rottenness!

If the *Globe* were sincere in its desire to see corruption stamped out in Lennox and elsewhere, it would not deal thus gingerly with the confession of a notorious practitioner like Mr. Hawley, nor help him, as it is now doing, to escape punishment by throwing up his seat and so shutting off enquiry. The party must be far gone in iniquity when its leading advocate in the press is ready to stoop to the basest methods of covering up crime.—*Mail.*

DRIFTWOOD.

What is Going on Around and About Us.

One hundred families received their Xmas dinner from the St. George's Society in Kingston.

The Deseronto Cornet Band turned out on Christmas day in their new uniform and marched through the streets, serenading several prominent citizens.

Mrs. Jas. Roney, of Napanee, left a two weeks' washing on the line the other night, and in the morning she found that both line and clothes had been stolen.

Mr. James Wilson broke his arm near the wrist last Wednesday. He happened to walk on a piece of ice covered with a sprinkling of snow, when he suddenly slipped and fell.—*Napanee Standard.*

Mr. J. Shaw, baker, of Stirling, broke the bones of his hand a week or two since, and has a painful time. He has had bad luck with his limbs in 1884, having a foot badly injured by a horse in camp last summer.

On Thursday last eight knights of the saw and plane of Campbellford had a contest in each trimming fitting and hanging a door 7x3 feet and 1¾ inches thick. There time was as follows, 31½, 37½, 40, 40½, 44, 46, 49, 61 minutes.

A young lad named Gilmurry, near Hastings, met with a serious accident on Friday last. He was riding one of Mr. Convey's horses to water when the animal slipped and fell against a hay rack, breaking one of the lad's legs in two places.

On Saturday last at Peterborough a woman's feet was frozen while she was walking around at market. There is nothing surprising about this considering, from the size of the Peterborough ladies' feet, the opportunity Jack Frost has to get in his work.

A son of Mr. Wm. Stillman, Seymour, was thrown from a load of lumber, on Thursday last, and received a severe sprain of the ankle. The young man was driving a team of horses, his load being a quantity of lumber thrown loosely upon the waggon, when a drunken party in a livery rig drove up from behind and frightened the team with the above result.

In speaking of the body snatching case the Napance *Standard* says:—"It has transpired that two young men representing themselves as relatives of the late John Chatterson, went to the man who had charge of the vault and obtained the key on pretence that they wanted to bury him elsewhere. The key was returned in due course and nothing more was thought of the matter until some days later, when on the occasion of another burial members of the family to which the young men said they belonged missed the coffin from the vault and made inquiries. Of course no trace of the body could then be found. It was a coolly done trick, whoever the scamps were that did it."

Imports and Exports.

The exports of Canada for the month of November, amounted to $10,931,522, of which $9,213,700 were goods the produce of Canada, $717,822 were the produce of other countries and one million dollars was the export of coin and bullion. The total imports of the month amounted to $7,322,729, of which dutiable goods were $5,016,905, free goods $2,201,795, and coin and bullion $104,029. The duty received amounted to $1,355, 899.

Falling Figures.

The Grand Trunk Railway traffic recipes for last week amounted to $312,088, of which $88,790 was in passenger traffic, $11,000 in mails and express, and $212,377 in freight traffic. For the corresponding week last year the receipts were as follows: Passengers, $121,373; mails and express, $13,349; freight, $223,384; total, $358,105. The decrease last week from the corresponding week of 1883 was $46,020, most of which was in passenger traffic.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

Railway Accommodation.

CROOKSTOWN, Dec. 20, 1884.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

The railway trains between Belleville and Madoc do not stop at this station since the outbreak of small pox in Hungerford. This is right so far as passengers to or from Hungerford are concerned, but it is a great inconvenience to the people of this neighborhood as well as a loss to the Company. The remedy we would suggest is this: Let the Company furnish the section foreman with tickets to Belleville and return, and let him sell these tickets only to such persons as he knows live in this neighborhood and who wish to go by rail to do their marketing. And let the train stop only when flagged by him for this purpose. The section foreman has lived in the station house for years, he is well acquainted in the neighborhood, and knows to whom it would be safe to sell tickets. The train passes about the time he is starting to work—about 7 a.m. If the train stopped only once a week, say on Saturdays, this would be a great convenience to the people of this vicinity, who are as much afraid of small-pox as are the people of Belleville, and it would be no loss to the Railway Company, or to your citizens who go to the market for supplies.

D. T. R.

The Huntingdon Scott Act Association.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer:

DEAR SIR,—In view of the near approach of the opening of the campaign for Prohibition in the County, we thought it might interest your readers in other portions of the County to know something of the progress of the work of preparation in this Township. The Convener, Rev'd J. A. McCamus, called a public meeting of the friends of Temperance at the Beulah Methodist Church, Ivanhoe, on the 21st ult. A temperance song was sung, and prayer offered, when Rev. J. J. Rae was called to act as Secretary pro tem. The Rev. Convener explained the objects for which the meeting was called, and the authority under which he acted in so doing; he also explained the various sections of the Scott Act, giving a synopsis of each, after which the following officers were elected: Chas. McKim, President; Salyer VanTassell, Vice-President; D. T. Rutledge, Secretary; and David Fleming, Treasurer. There was also appointed a committee of three (with power to add) for each School Section in the Township. A spirit of deep earnestness seemed to pervade the people at this meeting. Many rejoiced in the prospect of so soon having the privilege of recording their votes against the liquor traffic.

The Association held its second meeting in the Town Hall, Moira, on the 12th inst. at 3 p. m., when the work of organization was more fully accomplished, by the appointment of committees for the Huntingdon portion of union school sections, also finance, visiting and other committees &c.

In the evening a large and enthusiastic mass meeting was held in the Moira stone Church. Preliminary exercises by the Pastor, Rev. J. Young of Thomasburg. Stirring impromptu addresses were delivered by laymen L. J. Burke, F. Cornish, D. Fleming and A. Harvey. The speech of the evening was given by Rev. J. J. Rae, on "The Liquor Traffic," followed by the Rev. J. Young on "The Barley Question." The speaker informed the audience that this was not the subject upon which he had intended to address them, consequently he was not as well informed on this question as he might have been. But before he finished his address we concluded that if the people were only as well posted as the Rev. gentlemen, it would be a walk over at the polls. He was followed by the Rev. J. A. McCamus on "The Scott Act," who by his clear, succinct and conclusive arguments proved the Scott Act to be the best temperance legislation ever given to the people since Canada had a Parliament.

At the close of this very able and eloquent address, the closely packed audience, (in which we noticed some of the ablest farmers and most prominent business men of the township) declared by a standing vote that they would support the Scott Act until we could get something better, which something means total prohibition. A vote of thanks was tendered the choir of this church for the very appropriate and well rendered selections of music with which they had regaled the assembly. And now to conclude, Our Watch-word is "Immanuel," which is, being interpreted, God with us. And our motto "Freedom for the right means suppression of the wrong."

D. T. RUTLEDGE,
Sec. Huntingdon, S. A. A.

Ivanhoe, Dec. 20th, 1884.

Christmas in the Jail.

For the Intelligencer.

MR. EDITOR,—Yesterday was the day of great joy everywhere; joy has also entered the walls of the Belleville prison. I had the pleasure of taking my Christmas dinner with the men, numbering 14, confined in the Jail, and I am pleased to be able to say that the officials have done their best to make them feel that there is a Christmas day for them as well as for others. After the blessing had been asked, we partook of a good and well prepared dinner, consisting of roast beef, bread, cakes, tea, pudding, and apples. They were also treated to a fine supper. The prisoners feel very thankful for the kindness shown them, so much so that they have sent me a letter to that effect. It is to me as well as to others a matter of great satisfaction to know that Mr. and Mrs. Appleby and Mr. and Mrs. Marsh are worthy of the responsible positions they occupy; they are, I believe, the right persons in the right places. They are endowed with sympathy, at the same time are sufficiently firm to enforce discipline. I was glad to see Mr. Appleby and Mr. Marsh so cheerfully serving the men at the table. I understand that the women, five in number, were treated also in the same manner. This was my first Christmas dinner in the Jail, and I hope it may not be the last. Should God spare my life I shall be on hand next year, as I enjoyed this, to me a great treat, very much. Yours truly,

ANSELM SCHUSTER.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer:

DEAR SIR,—Replying to Mr. Mikel's communication in your last issue of the Weekly INTELLIGENCER, all that is needful is simply to quote the Government returns for Prince Edward Island. These give the following as the quantities in gallons of spirits, both manufactured and imported, that were entered for local consumption in the years named:—

Year	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.
Quantity.	62,100	58,852	51,665	47,008	45,084

The year 1880 was the first year in which the Scott Act was even nominally in force in any part of the Island. Mr. Mikel is right in saying that the Scott Act has nearly destroyed the beer business in P. E. I., but it is not true that other liquors are more largely consumed. "Had it not been for the disloyal antagonism of the liquormen in the province the law would have done much better work. Respect for the law is growing. Its enforcement is becoming easier." The Scott Act drove out beer. Mr. Mikel and Mr. O'Keefe, the brewer, from whom he draws his information, are good witnesses to the truth of this statement. It drives out whiskey too. The excitement among the distillers, the $10,000 subscription of Gooderham & Worts', and the very large subscription of Mr. Corby to the fund for opposing the Scott Act, are all the evidence necessary on this point. Mr. Mikel is too sensible a man to believe that the Scott Act does not very materially decrease the consumption of liquor of all kinds. If it did not, would such level-headed business men as Gooderham and Worts, Corby, Walker, and other distillers fight so persistently and so fiercely against it? If the Scott Act did not injure their business we would not have their opposition. I have the most profound respect and admiration for their business shrewdness. In common with many others, I would rather believe the logic of their subscriptions and fierce opposition, than such logic as Mr. Mikel makes use of.

Yours truly,

M.

Brutal Murder.

PARKRIDGE, N. J., Dec. 24.—Last night Abraham Gurnee, a wealthy merchant, was counting his money when a negro named Sisco entered and dealt Gurnee a terrible blow on the forehead with a heavy piece of wood. A struggle ensued, during which the negro drew a pistol and shot Gurnee in the back of the head. The negro then made a rush for the money, Gurnee fighting him with all the strength he possessed. Sisco fired another ball, which entered Gurnee's back. The murderer then fled without the booty.

Mrs. Gurnee entered in time to see Gurnee in his last struggles. He told with dying breath who his assailant was. It is supposed the murderer has gone to New York.

—The latest news from Khartoum says Gen. Gordon has captured a considerable quantity of grain by his steamers, and now frequently receives supplies from the villages along the eastern bank of the Nile. He is making his own powder, and the chances of his holding out until Lord Wolseley reaches him are very good.

A Serious Earthquake

Madrid and Other Places Severely Shaken—Great Damage Done—Loss of Life.

MADRID, Dec. 26.—The details of the earthquake of Wednesday night, which were received this morning, show that it was more disastrous than at first anticipated. One shock lasted fully 50 seconds, and was felt throughout the whole of Spain, but more especially in Andalusia, where a number of towns suffered severely. At Granada the houses rocked violently and the earth trembled beneath the feet of the inhabitants as they fled panic-stricken from their homes to the fields on the outskirts of the town. Some were wounded while fleeing through the streets by falling bricks and cornices, but none have as yet been reported as killed. A number of buildings were badly damaged, and it will require considerable outlay to repair them before they can be reoccupied with safety. At Malaga the shock was more disastrously felt, many houses being wrecked, and a number of the inmates buried in the ruins. Many persons were killed, and a number wounded. Those who escaped without injury deserted their houses and camped in the open squares, and in the fields outside of the town. The refugees were huddled around huge bonfires, which were kept burning all the night to keep them warm, the weather being colder than usual and nearly all of them had fled so hastily from their houses that they neglected to provide themselves with wraps of the heavier clothing necessary for passing the night in the open air. Fainter shocks occurred at intervals during the night, which increased the alarm of the people and prevented them from seeking shelter in any of the buildings. To-day large gangs of men are at work among the ruins of the wrecked buildings searching for the bodies of missing persons. Already a number of bodies have been recovered and many more are known to be still buried among the debris. The Government has sent provisions, clothing, &c., for the relief of the sufferers, and a subscription list has been opened for their relief. In Madrid the damage was slight, but the shock was sufficiently felt to frighten the inhabitants. The places of amusement were quickly emptied of their audiences and the performances brought to an abrupt termination.

The First I. O. O. F. Funeral.

The facts are narrated in Ridgeley's "American Oddfellowship," as furnished by P. G. Sire John A. Kennedy, who was an eye witness of the scene: "In early spring of 1824, Andrew Wark, a member of Franklin Lodge, No. 2, while engaged in superintending a shad fishery on the shore of the Chesepeake Bay, was knocked overboard by the boom of his vessel and drowned. His body was found and brought for interment to his home in Baltimore. On the day of the funeral the widow informed the writer that her husband would be buried at night, as the society of which he was a member buried its dead at midnight. The time fixed for the funeral was 10 p. m., when, with several friends, we were punctually present. The lodge, however, did not appear so early; but it was there in ample time, with a band of six or seven pieces, which marched in front. The procession came to view as a great glare of light as it was crossing the bridge, illuminating the street through which it was passing. To an unpractised eye the procession seemed to be in the utmost disorder, as the column of seventy or eighty men took position in front of the late home of the deceased.

The chief marshal * * * was very busy up and down the line, keeping the column in order as we foolishly supposed, but that was our mistake. We did not know that good order in those ranks consisted in preserving the sections in such a way as to have not more than five files in each, and in no case to have an even number of files in a section. By such an arrangement everybody could readily see that they were Odd Fellows. The marshal was kept hard at work preserving the equipoise of the sections—that is, a front of one, three, or five files. Officers and members were in appropriate lodge costume: gowns, caps, sashes, collars and aprons of white, black, blue and scarlet colors. The gowns, as a general thing, had been made to fit much larger men; the same was true of the caps, which were fashioned after the forms of crowns and coronets. Each officer bore the emblem of office in his hand. Six or seven of the members were in deep mourning, and occupied the centre of the crowd. These were enveloped in narrow strips of black muslin or crape, which hung from their hats almost to the ground; they bore black rods, eight or ten feet long, surmounted by spheres of some kind, which were covered with black cloth, with black streamers three or four feet long, pendant.

Every person not provided with an official emblem of some sort, bore a flaming torch, many of which were extemporized for the occasion and resembled the rope torches said to have been used by the ancients on similar occasions. At 11 p. m. the coffin was brought forth and placed in a hearse, which then took position in the centre of the column, the bearers of the black spheres surrounded the hearse, as if acting as pall bearers. The line of march was then taken up, with slow music and slow steps, toward the church yard; the distance of a half or three quarters of a mile was accomplished a few minutes before midnight. The remains were then silently lowered into the grave. Not a word was spoken, but each member threw one or two shovels full of earth upon the coffin until the grave was filled up. The procession reformed its disordered ranks, the hearse as before, in the centre, and departed as they came."

The Nature of Oddfellowship.

We desire to direct the most careful attention of our readers to one of the peculiar characteristics of our order. Upon looking around we see that we are surrounded by societies, orders and bodies of men banded together and organized for some specific good or indifferent advantage to their several members. We have heretofore shown in more than one way in what great wisdom the foundations of our order were laid, and on contemplating it from our present stand-point, we are confirmed in the opinion we have all along held of the sagacity of the fathers. We have beheld, in a state of as near perfection as it is possible to be an institution of a dual nature, two qualities which together are essential to its well-being and prosperity. While we seek to improve and elevate the character of a man, to enlighten his mind, and to enlarge the sphere of his affections, we forget not that man is liable to many more substantial and present ills, and we see our order ready and able to relieve and succor them. Of this our order does a vast amount, fully equalling the most beneficial or benevolent, and far exceeding the great majority of such other associations. By the prudence of the makers of our fundamental law in framing those laws, we are enabled to do this good work at as little a cost as any organization that has for its single purpose the relief of its members in sickness or distress. To do this successfully in the future, as we have in the past, we are bound to follow and observe in their integrity the various laws set for our conduct and guidance—that is if we are to continue to minister as well to the physical as to the intellectual wants of our members.

We are all engaged in a work that not only trades and deals with the incorporeal affairs of men, but also has to do with those present and substantial requirements of every-day life. To smooth the roughened pillow of the sick brother, to give the benefit of advice, learned from age and experience, to the young and hesitating, to applaud and encourage the virtuous in good work, or to recognise and reason with the wavering brother, requires the use of no money, no substantial outlay, only a little exercise of a few generous and elevated impulses of our common human nature. But to put bread in the mouths of the hungry, fire in the cold stove, warmth on the pallet of the poor and unfortunate requires the expenditure of money, the material which can be procured directly only by the sweat of man's brow. If we only had the first things to do we would not be far different from other men—the priests and the Levites will do as much often. But the oil, and the balm, and the bandages on the bruises and broken limbs belong to another kind of work. We do both. We have not been without forethought in this, and hence our system of contribution is placed on a firm basis. We strive to obtain and keep upon our rolls as many as possible of strong, able-bodied men, men not reasonably very liable to many of the ills that flesh is heir to, and in view of our plain duty in this regard, we are positively forbidden to admit a class of persons comprising many thousands of men in our midst, who otherwise might make good Oddfellows. It is not because we are opposed to many of such receiving and profiting by a knowledge of our principles, that knowledge could do no harm, and might perhaps accomplish great good—even a complete reformation in the character and conduct of many who are daily leading reckless and useless lives. But the so intimate blending of these two natures in our institution, the one with the other precludes the possibility of such even drinking out of our sacred fountain.

Let us all remember then, that our Order has this dual character—while it seeks to improve and elevate the character of man, it still is ready and able to minister to the more present wants of its members. And let us also not forget that he who so orders his life and conduct as to exemplify our principles in both, is the better Oddfellow, and most fully fulfils his obligations as such.—*Kings Co. Oddfellow.*

NEWS CONDENSED.

—Affairs are said to be settling down in Corea.

—A city in Rio Grande has released [illegible] thousand slaves.

—The crofters on the Kilmuir estate have prevented the sheriff serving writs of ejectment.

—The Duke of Argyle has asked for an armed force to protect his rights in the island of Ty[illegible].

—Twenty-six persons are unaccounted for, and it is feared that they have fallen victims of the Brooklyn fire.

—The cotton mills are said to have worked all their stock, and to have a fair amount of orders on hand.

—The steamship *Oregon* has made the passage from New York to Queenstown in 6 days, [illegible] hours and 52 minutes.

—The *Times*, commenting on the Nicaragua treaty says, Britain holds a position in the question of impregnable strength.

—The Right Hon. Gerald Fitzgibbon, Jr., of the Irish Court of Appeal, will succeed Right Hon. Mountifort Longfield as Commissioner of National Education in Ireland.

—Prince Albert will join the Grenadiers at the close of his studies at the University. The Prince of Wales has requested that no distinction be made between his son's duties and those of other officers.

—The election in the county of Maskinonge, Que., to fill the vacancy in the House of Commons caused by the death of the late Mr. Houde, resulted in the return of Mr. Desaulniers (Conservative) by a majority of 37. The contest was between two Conservatives.

—A robbery of between two and three thousand dollars from the cash box containing remittances from Grand Trunk stations between Stratford and Buffalo has been discovered, and a clerk in the office of the Stratford station agent has been arrested on suspicion.

—The annual meeting of the Commercial Travellers' Association of Canada was held in Toronto on the 26th, when reports were submitted showing that the association was in a most prosperous condition. The annual dinner was held in the evening, and was a most successful affair.

—Notwithstanding the abolition of grain dues at the port of Montreal during the greater part of the season of navigation and the dullness of freights at the opening of the season, the receipts of the harbor are only $8,000 less than in 1883. The amount of tonnage was greatly in excess of that of last year.

—A Berlin dispatch says there is a secret convention between France and Germany. In accordance with which France is allowed undisturbed colonization in Morocco and Tonquin, Germany, while respecting French possessions in Africa, is at liberty to annex territory anywhere not affecting French interests.

—The earthquake in Canada did far more damage than at first reported. Aguadas and Pacora suffered heavily, and Manizales were almost destroyed. All the churches and public edifices and many private houses fell, whilst those remaining standing are damaged. Every house save four in Soledad, a town of 6,000 persons, was brought to the ground.

—The Governments of Tasmania and Queensland have joined with Victoria in a protest against the annexation by Germany of any portion of New Guinea and the neighboring islands. The authorities of New South Wales and South Australia refuse to join the protest. The Australian press generally expresses indignation at the action of Germany.

Murdered His Guest.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Dec. 24.—Lewis Lucas, sheriff of one of the Choctaw nation counties, shot and killed Squire A. Hoyt, son of a prominent citizen. Lucas had invited Hoyt to spend the evening in his house as a guest. While Hoyt was playing a violin for the entertainment of the family, Lucas suddenly drew a pistol and shot him through the heart. Lucas was arrested. Motive unknown.

SEASONABLE GOODS

Sleigh Bells,
Cross-Cut Saws,
Chopping Axes,
Snow Shovels,
Skates, Lanterns,
Hall Stoves,
Cook Stoves,
Ranges, &c.

ALL OF WHICH ARE SELLING LOW PRICE[illegible]

W. W. CH[illegible]

VA[illegible]

PRIV[illegible] [illegible] North [illegible] Lot 8 in the [illegible] acres. This p[illegible] in, and is conve[illegible] Post Office, Schoo[illegible] a bargain and upo[illegible] on account of the owner. E. G.[illegible]

Office in Noxworthy Block, Pinnacle Street.

M. C. ROB[illegible]

ISSUER OF

MARRIAGE LIC[illegible]

and agent of the Lancashire Insurance Company. Office INTELLIGENCER building, Street, Belleville.